



SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS :: PUTTUR
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QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)

Subject with Code : SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS(18EC403)

Course & Branch: B.Tech - ECE

Year & Sem: II B.Tech & I Sem

Regulation: R18

UNIT –I

INTRODUCTION TO SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS (2 MARKS)

1. Define a Signal. What is the relation between impulse, step, ramp and parabolic signals? [02M]
2. How are the signals are classified? [2M]
3. Define Unit impulse and Unit step Signals. [2M]
4. Distinguish between periodic and non-periodic signals [2M]
5. Distinguish causal and anti-causal signals. [2M]
6. Define Linear and Non-Linear System [2M]
7. Define time-variant and time-invariant systems. [2M]
8. How are systems classified? [2M]
9. Define stable and unstable systems. [2M]
10. Define causal and non-causal systems. [2M]

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS (10 MARKS)

1. Define various elementary signals in continuous time and discrete time and indicate them Graphically? [10M]
2. What are the basic operations on signals? Illustrate with an example. [10M]
3. Explain the classification of signals in both continuous time and discrete time with suitable examples. [10M]
4. (a) Find which of the signals are causal or non-causal. [5M]
 - (i) $x(t) = e^{2t}u(t-1)$ (ii) $x(t) = 3 \operatorname{sinc} 2t$ (iii) $x(n) = u(n+4) - u(n-2)$ (iv) $x(t) = u(-n)$
 (b) Sketch the following signals [5M]
 - (i) $2u(t+2) - 2u(t-3)$ (ii) $u(t+4)u(-t+4)$ (iii) $r(t) - r(t-1) - r(t-3) - r(t-4)$ (iv) $\pi(t-2)$
5. Find whether the following signals are periodic or not? If periodic determine the fundamental Period [10M]
 - (a) $\sin 12\pi t$ (b) $3\sin 200\pi t + 4 \cos 100t$ (c) $\sin 10\pi t + \cos 20\pi t$
 - (d) $\sin(10t+1) - 2\cos(5t-2)$ (e) $e^{j4\pi t}$
6. (a) Find the even and odd components of the following signals [5M]
 - (i) $x(t) = e^{j2t}$ (ii) $x(t) = (1+t^2+t^3) \cos^2 10t$ (iii) $x(n) = \{-3, 1, 2, -4, 2\}$ (iv) $x(n) = \{5, 4, 3, 2, 1\}$
 (b) Determine whether the following signals are energy signals or power signals. Calculate their energy or power? [5M]
 - (i) $x(t) = 8 \cos 4t \cos 6t$ (ii) $\sin^2 \omega_0 t$ (iii) $x(t) = e^{j[3t+(\pi/2)]}$ (iv) $x(n) = (1/2)^n u(n)$
7. Define a system. How are systems classified? Define each one of them. [10M]
8. Check whether the following system is [10M]
 - (a) static or dynamic (b) linear or non-linear
 - (c) causal or non-causal (d) Time invariant or time variant
 (i) $d^3y(t)/dt^3 + 2d^2y(t)/dt^2 + 4 dy(t)/dt + 3y^2(t) = x(t+1)$

$$(ii) d^2y(t)/dt^2 + 2y(t) dy(t)/dt + 3ty(t) = x(t)$$

9. Check whether the following system is [10M]

- (a) static or dynamic (b) linear or non-linear
 (c) causal or non-causal (d) Time invariant or time variant

$$(i) y(n) = \log_{10} |x(n)|$$

$$(ii) y(n) = x^2(n) + 1/x^2(n-1)$$

$$(iii) y(t) = at^2 x(t) + bt x(t-4)$$

10.(a) Check whether the following systems are causal or not? [5M]

$$(i) y(t) = x^2(t) + x(t-4)$$

$$(ii) y(t) = x(t/2)$$

$$(iii) y(n) = x(2n)$$

(b) Find whether the following systems are stable or not [5M]

$$(i) y(t) = (t+5) u(t)$$

$$(ii) y(t) = (2 + e^{-3t}) u(t)$$

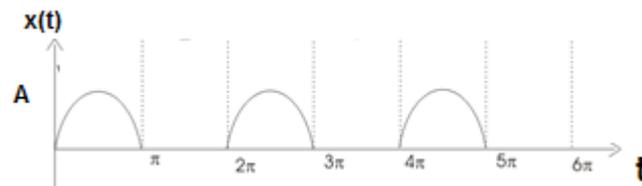
$$(iii) h(n) = a^n \text{ for } 0 < n < 11$$

UNIT –II**FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER TRANSFORM****SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS**

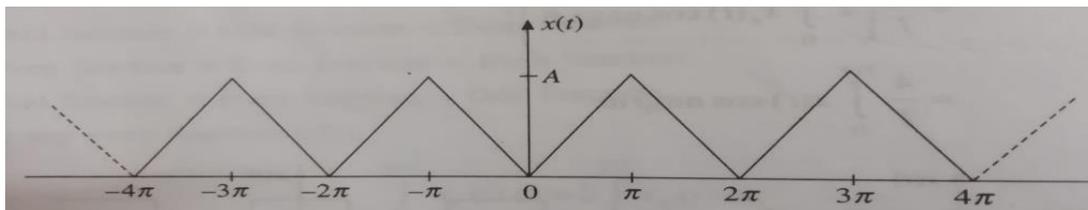
1. What is Fourier Series. [2M]
2. What are the three important classes of Fourier series methods available. [2M]
3. What are the Dirichlet's conditions? State them. [2M]
4. What is the Relationship between exponential Fourier series and trigonometric Fourier series coefficients? [2M]
5. How do you obtain Cosine Fourier series from exponential Fourier series? [2M]
6. Differentiate the Fourier series and Fourier transform. [2M]
7. What is Fourier transform? [2M]
8. Define Linearity Property of Fourier transform [2M]
9. What are the Merits of Fourier Transform? [2M]
10. Define Fourier transform and Inverse Fourier transform of discrete time signal. [2M]

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. Find the Fourier series expansion of the half wave rectified sine wave shown in figure. [10M]



2. State and Prove any Five Properties of the Fourier Series. [10M]
3. Derive the expressions for the trigonometric Fourier series coefficients. [10M]
4. Explain about exponential Fourier series and derive the Fourier series coefficient [10M]
5. (a) Obtain the trigonometric series for the waveform shown in figure [5M]



- (b) Derive the expression for Fourier transform from Fourier series. [5M]
6. (a) Find the Fourier transform of the following [5M]
 - (i) $\text{sgn}(t)$ (ii) $\sin \omega_0 t$ (iii) $\cos \omega_0 t$ (iv) 1 (Constant Amplitude)
- (b). Find the Fourier transform of the following [5M]
 - (i) impulse function (ii) $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$ (iii) $x(t) = e^{j\omega_0 t}$ (iv) $x(t) = u(t)$
7. State and Prove the properties of Continuous time Fourier transform? [10M]
8. (a) Find the Fourier transform of the following signals [8M]
 - (i) $x(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$ (ii) $x(t) = te^{-at} u(t)$ (iii) $x(t) = e^{-t} \sin 5t u(t)$ (iv) $x(t) = e^{-t} \cos 5t u(t)$
- (b) Find the Fourier transform of (i) $\sin \omega_0 t$ (ii) $\cos \omega_0 t$ [2M]
9. Find the inverse Fourier transform of the following signals [10M]
 - (i) $X(\omega) = 4(j\omega) + 6 / (j\omega)^2 + 6(j\omega) + 8$ (ii) $X(\omega) = 1 + 3(j\omega) / (j\omega + 3)^2$ (iii) $X(\omega) = e^{-2\omega} u(\omega)$
10. (a) State and prove any three properties of the DTFT. [5M]
 - (b) Find the Fourier Transform of the Signal (i) Triangular Pulse (ii) $e^{-a|t|}$ [5M]

UNIT -III**SIGNAL TRANSMISSION THROUGH LINEAR SYSTEMS****SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS**

1. What are the properties of LTI systems? [2M]
2. Define transfer function of a system? [2M]
3. Define impulse response of a system.? [2M]
4. What is a filter? How are filters classified? [2M]
5. What is the Relation between unit step and impulse response? [2M]
6. Define sampling and sampling period? [2M]
7. State Sampling theorem [2M]
8. What is Nyquist rate and Nyquist interval? [2M]
9. What is anti-aliasing filter? [2M]
10. State Sampling theorem? [2M]

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. (a) Explain the Filter characteristics of linear systems explain with neat diagrams [5M]
(b) Define the following (i) Impulse Response (ii) Step Response (iii) Response of the System [5M]
2. (a) Derive the transfer function and impulse response of an LTI system. [5M]
(b) Define Linear time variant, Linear time-invariant, step response of the system. [5M]
3. Discuss the properties of linear time invariant systems. [10M]
4. (a) Consider a stable LTI System characterized by the differential equation $dy(t)/dt + 2y(t) = x(t)$, Find its impulse response. [5M]
(b) Find the Nyquist Rate and Nyquist Interval of the following signals. [5M]
(i) $x(t) = 1 + \cos 2000\pi t + \sin 4000\pi t$ (ii) $x(t) = 10 \sin 40\pi t \cos 300\pi t$
5. (a) Let the system function of an LTI system be $1/(j\omega + 2)$. What is the output of the system for an input $(0.8)^t u(t)$? [5M]
(b) Consider a causal LTI system with frequency response $H(\omega) = 1/4 + j\omega$, for a input $x(t)$, the system is observed to produce the output $y(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) - e^{-4t}u(t)$. find the input $x(t)$. [5M]
7. Consider a stable LTI system that is characterized by the differential equation $d^2y(t)/dt^2 + 4dy(t)/dt + 3y(t) = dx(t)/dt + 2x(t)$ find the response for an input $x(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$. [10M]
8. Find the Nyquist rate and Nyquist interval for the following signals [10M]
(i) $x(t) = 1 + \cos 2000\pi t + \sin 4000\pi t$ (ii) $10 \sin 40\pi t \cos 300\pi t$
(iii) $x(t) = \text{sinc}(100\pi t) + 3 \text{sinc}^2(60\pi t)$ (iv) $x(t) = 2 \text{sinc}(100\pi t)$
9. State and prove the sampling theorem for the band-limited signals with the help of graphical representation. [10M]
10. (a) Discuss about Effects of the under sampling. [5M]
(b) A system produces an output of $y(t) = e^{-3t} u(t)$ for an input of $x(t) = e^{-5t} u(t)$. Determine the impulse response and frequency response of the system. [5M]

UNIT -IVCONVOLUTION AND CORRELATION OF SIGNALSSHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. What is convolution? State the shift property of convolution. [2M]
2. State Time convolution and Frequency convolution theorem [2M]
3. What is correlation and types of correlation? [2M]
4. What are the properties of cross correlation for energy signals? [2M]
5. What are the properties of auto correlation for power signals? [2M]
6. What is the relation between convolution and correlation? [2M]
7. What are the Properties of ESD? [2M]
8. differentiate ESD and PSD? [2M]
9. State Parseval's energy theorem? [2M]
10. State Parseval's power theorem? [2M]

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. (a) Write the properties of convolution. [5M]
(b) Find the convolution of the following signal $x_1(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$, $x_2(t) = e^{-4t} u(t)$ [5M]
2. (a) State and prove the time convolution theorem with Fourier transforms. [5M]
(b) State and prove the frequency convolution theorem with Fourier transforms. [5M]
3. (a) Derive the relation between convolution and correlation. [5M]
(b). Write the properties of cross correlation for energy signals [5M]
4. (a) State and prove the Parseval's theorem for energy signals. [5M]
(b) State and prove the Parseval's theorem for power signals. [5M]
5. (a) Derive and Define the properties of Energy Spectral Density. [5M]
(b) Derive and Define the properties of Power Spectral Density [5M]
6. (a) Show that R(r) and ESD form Fourier transform pair. [5M]
(b) Show that R(r) and PSD form Fourier transform pair. [5M]
7. (a) Verify Parseval's theorem for the energy signal $x(t) = e^{-4t} u(t)$. [5M]
(b) Determine the autocorrelation function and energy spectral density of $x(t) = e^{-at} u(t)$. [5M]
8. (a) Find the autocorrelation of the signal $x(t) = a \sin(\omega_0 t + \theta)$. [5M]
(b) Distinguish the ESD and PSD. [5M]
9. (a) Explain the detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by auto correlation. [5M]
(b) Explain the detection of periodic signals in the presence of noise by cross correlation [5M]
Explain the extraction of noise by Filtering.
10. Explain the extraction of a signal from noise by filtering. [10M]

UNIT –V**LAPLACE TRANSFORMS AND Z-TRANSFORMS****SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS**

1. What is the region of convergence (ROC)? [2M]
2. What is the relation between Laplace transform and Fourier transform? [2M]
3. State initial value theorem and final value theorem of Laplace transform. [2M]
4. What are the properties of ROC? [2M]
5. What is the Laplace Transform of Parabolic Function.? [2M]
6. What is the relation between Discrete-time Fourier transform and Z-transform? [2M]
7. What is the Z-transform of unit step signal? [2M]
8. Find Z-transform and ROC of $x(n)=(1/2)^n u(n-2)$ [2M]
9. State the Convolution Property of Z-transform [2M]
10. Discuss the comparison of Laplace and Z-Transform. [2M]

LONG ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. State and prove the any five Properties Laplace Transform [10M]
2. (a) Find the Laplace transform of the signal $x(t)= e^{-at} u(t) - e^{-bt} u(-t)$ and also find its ROC [5M]
 (b) Find the Laplace transform and region for the following signals [5M]
 - (i) $x(t)=e^{-5t} u(t-1)$
 - (ii) $x(t)=e^{2t} \sin 2t$ for $t \leq 0$
 - (iii) $x(t)=t e^{-2|t|}$
3. Find the Laplace transform of the following signals using properties of Laplace transform [10M]
 - (i) $x(t)=t e^{-t} u(t)$
 - (ii) $x(t)=t e^{-2t} \sin 2t u(t)$
 - (iii) $x(t)=\sin at/t$
 - (iv) $x(t)=1-e^{t/t}$
3. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the following [10M]
 - (a) $X(s) = 1/ s(s+1) (s+2) (s+3)$
 - (b) $X(s)= (3s^2+22s+27)/(s^2+3s+2)(s^2+2s+5)$
 - (c) $X(s)=s/(s+3)(s^2+4s+5)$
4. (a) Find the convolution of the sequences: [5M]
 (b) Discuss about the Properties of the ROC of Laplace transform
5. (a)
 (b).
6. Find the inverse z-transform of: [5M]

$$X(z)=3z^{-1}/(1-z^{-1}) (1-2z^{-1})$$
 - (a) If ROC; $|z|>2$
 - (b) If ROC ; $|z|<1$
 - (c) If ROC ; $1<|z|<2$
7. (a) Find the inverse Z-transform of $X(z)$ given $X(z) = 1/(1-az^{-1})$, ROC; $|z|>|a|$ [5M]
 (b) Find the convolution of the sequences: [5M]

$$x_1(n)=(1/2)^n u(n) \text{ and } (1/3)^{n-2}u(n)$$
8. (a) State and prove initial and final value theorems of Z-transform? [5M]
 (b) Using the Properties of Z-transform. Find the Z-transform of following signals
 - (i) $x(n)=u(-n)$
 - (ii) $x(n)=2^n u(n-2)$
 - (iii) $2(3)^n u(-n)$
10. (a) Prove that the final value of $x(n)$ for $X(z) = z^2/(z-1)(z-0.2)$ is 1.25 and its final value is unity?
 (b). Find the inverse Z-transform of $X(z)= z^{-1}/(3-4z^{-1}+z^{-2})$, ROC: $|z|>1$